



Pinpointing phosphorylation sites using Selected Reaction Monitoring and Skyline

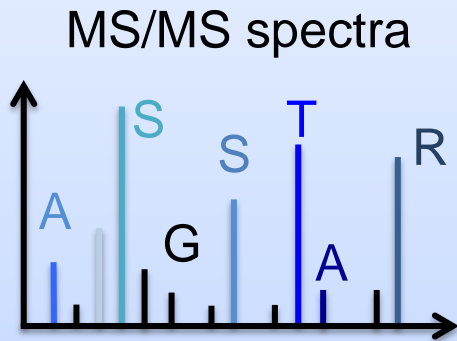


Christina Ludwig

group of Ruedi Aebersold, ETH Zürich

The challenge of phospho-site assignment

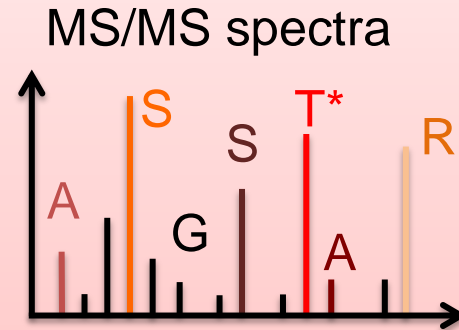
Peptides



ASGSTAR

peptide identification

Phospho-peptides



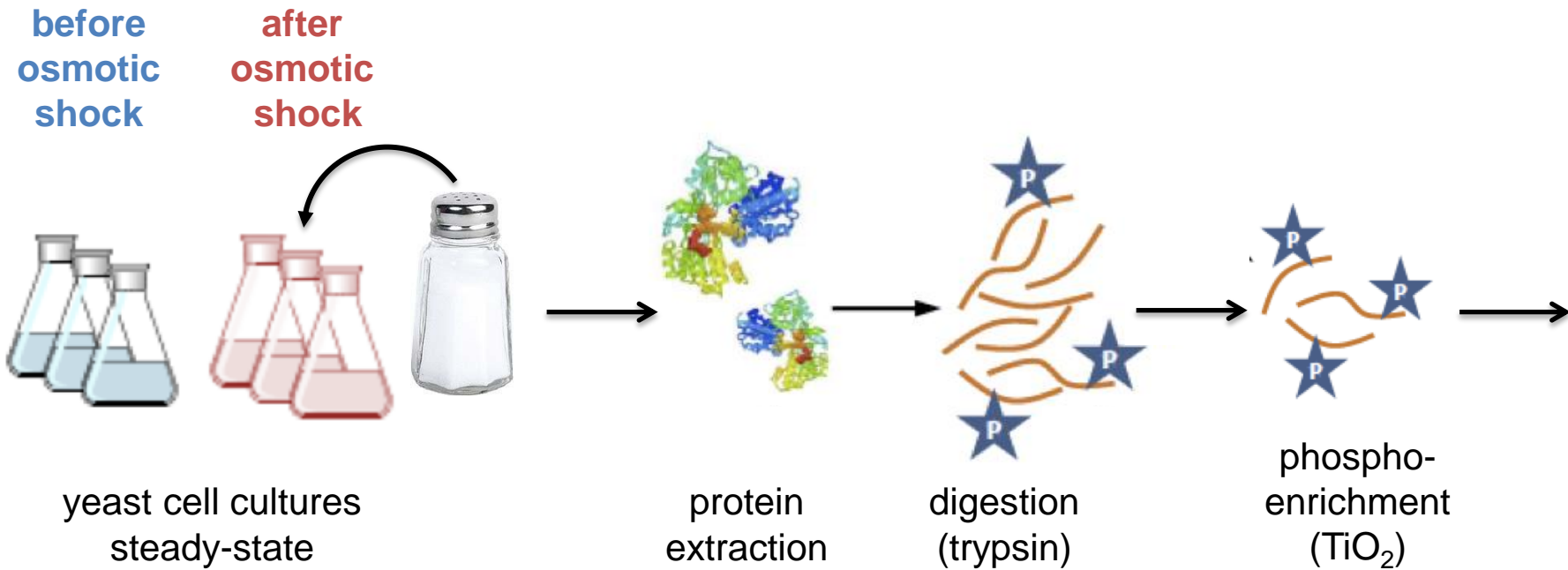
AS*GS*T*AR

phospho-peptide identification

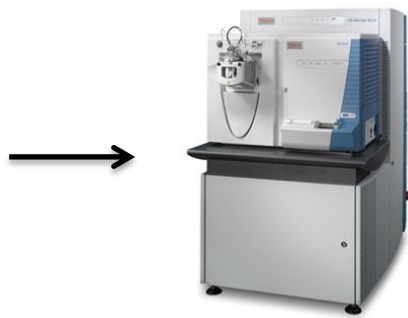
ASGST*AR

phospho-site assignment

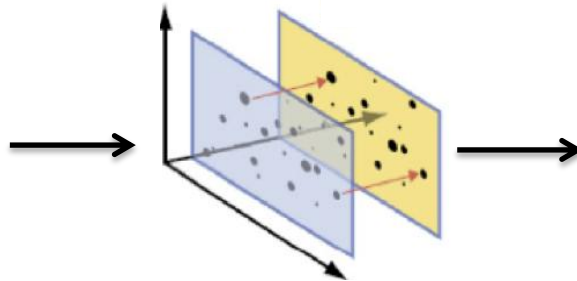
The case study: Phosphorylation changes upon osmotic shock



The case study: Phosphorylation changes upon osmotic shock



shotgun
LC-MS/MS
(LTQ-Orbi)



label-free
quantification

phosphorylation results table

phospho-peptide sequence	before osmotic shock	after osmotic shock	ratio
YGGHS[p]MSDPGTTYR	367889	90293	0.25
KGS[p]MADVPK	562301	574839	1.02
SASAVS[p]LPAK	305	3992	13.1
...			

Ambiguities and missing values in discovery-driven data sets

Gpd2 = Glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase 2

Peptide sequence	phospho-site	PepP probability	before osmotic shock A	before osmotic shock B	before osmotic shock C	after osmotic shock A	after osmotic shock B	after osmotic shock C	ratio	Ttest
S[p]DSAVSIVHLK	[S70]	0.9881	0	4567890	355678	432123	0	0	0.18	#DIV/0!
SDS[p]AVSIVHLK	[S72]	0.9999	5320300	4670960	4236830	0	1042920	1154030	0.23	3.0E-03
SDSAVS[p]IVHLK	[S75]	0.9961	1915980	1574980	1120860	510526	1309220	0	0.59	2.3E-01
S[p]DSAVS[p]IVHLK	[S70],[S75]	0.9788	834567	0	590897	0	890753	0	1.25	#DIV/0!
SDS[p]AVS[p]IVHLK	[S72],[S75]	0.9888	966789	1056789	997654	0	780864	697650	0.73	1.0E-02

Gpd1 = Glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase 1

Peptide sequence	phospho-site	PepP probability	before osmotic shock A	before osmotic shock B	before osmotic shock C	after osmotic shock A	after osmotic shock B	after osmotic shock C	ratio	Ttest
SS[p]SSVSLK	[S23]	0.9671	0	0	789098	0	987539	0	1.25	#DIV/0!
SSS[p]SVSLK	[S24]	0.9979	6086840	5087770	4586845	0	22236600	18536600	3.88	2.0E-03
SSSS[p]VSLK	[S25]	0.9995	2345001	0	2678960	5754910	4796671	5196380	2.09	5.5E-03
SSSSVS[p]LK	[S27]	0.9889	2377960	227652	2146060	2806640	0	2502570	1.68	3.1E-01
SSS[p]SVS[p]LK	[S24],[S27]	0.9991	6744910	5888620	4656130	20481500	16751200	12117300	2.85	1.3E-02



- Are all identified phospho-sites truly occurring in the sample?
- Do the obtained quantitative results reflect true biological changes?



Targeted phospho-proteomics using SRM and Skyline ←

(Phospho)-SRM workflow carried out in Skyline



crude synthetic heavy
phospho-peptides
(JPT technologies)

Gpd1

peptide sequence	phospho-site
S [p]SSSVSLK	[S22]
SS [p] SSVSLK	[S23]
SSS [p] SVSLK	[S24]
SSSS [p] VSLK	[S25]
SSSSV S [p]LK	[S27]

Gpd2

peptide sequence	phospho-site
S [p]DSAVSIVHLK	[S70]
SD S [p]AVSIVHLK	[S72]
SDSAV S [p]IVHLK	[S75]

Getting phospho-peptides into Skyline

(phospho)-
peptide
selection

Peptide Settings

Digestion Prediction Filter Library **Modifications**

Structural modifications:

- Carbamidomethyl Cysteine
- Phospho (ST)
- Phospho (Y)

Edit list...

Max variable mods: 3

Max neutral losses: 1

Isotope label type: heavy

Isotope modifications:

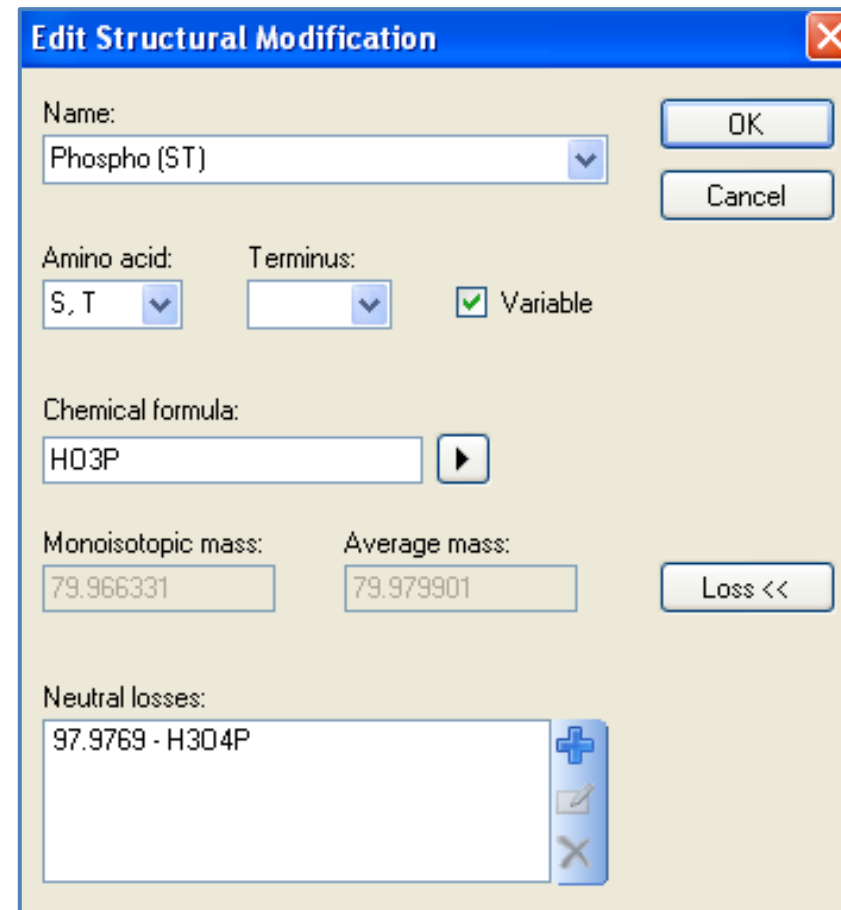
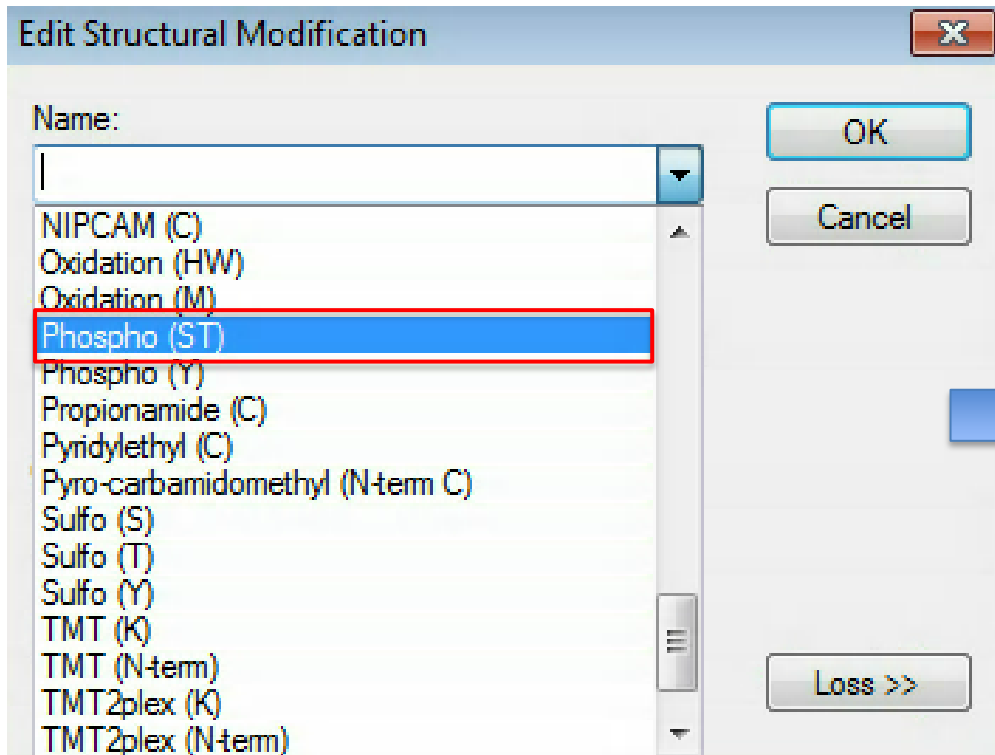
Edit list...

Internal standard type: heavy

OK Cancel

Getting phospho-peptides into Skyline

(phospho)-
peptide
selection



All Uniprot modifications available

(Phospho)-SRM workflow carried out in Skyline



automatic selection of the y-ion and b-ion series (> 300 Da) using the transition filter settings in Skyline

■ shared transitions
■ unique transitions

peptide sequence	phospho-site	precursor m/z	y10 b1 [m/z]	y9 b2 [m/z]	y8 b3 [m/z]	y7 b4 [m/z]	y6 b5 [m/z]	y5 b6 [m/z]	y4 b7 [m/z]	y3 b8 [m/z]	y2 b9 [m/z]	y1 b10 [m/z]
S [p]DSAVSIVHLK	[S70]	622.31	1076.62 -	961.59 -	874.56 370.06	803.52 441.1	704.45 540.17	617.42 627.20	504.27 740.29	405.27 839.35	- 976.41	- 1089.50
SDS [p] AVSIVHLK	[S72]	622.31	1156.59 -	1041.56 -	874.56 370.06	803.52 441.1	704.45 540.17	617.42 627.20	504.27 740.29	405.27 839.35	- 976.41	- 1089.50
SDSAVS [p] IVHLK	[S75]	622.31	1156.59 -	1041.56 -	954.53 290.10	883.49 361.14	784.42 460.20	617.42 627.20	504.27 740.29	405.27 839.35	- 976.41	- 1089.50

(Phospho)-SRM workflow carried out in Skyline



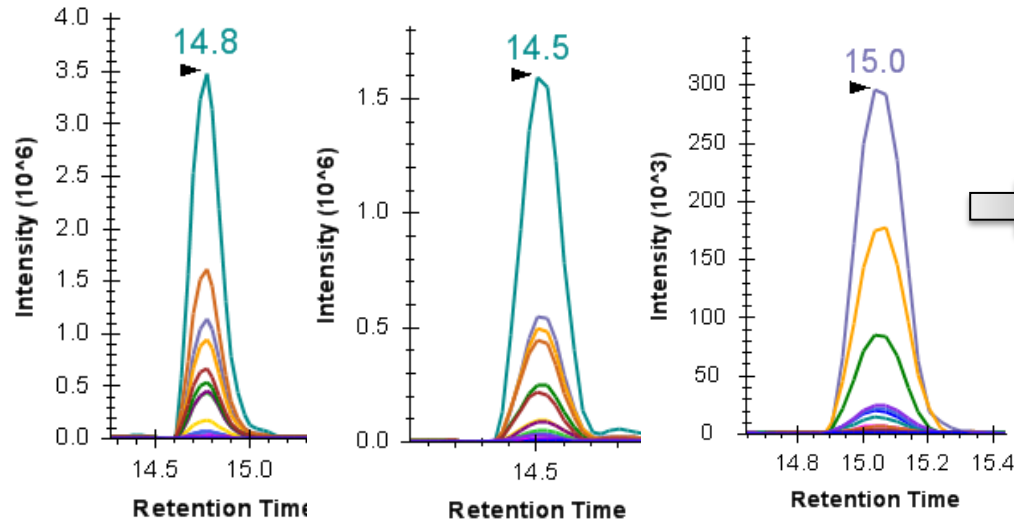
→ of synthetic peptides

individual measurements of synthetic peptides

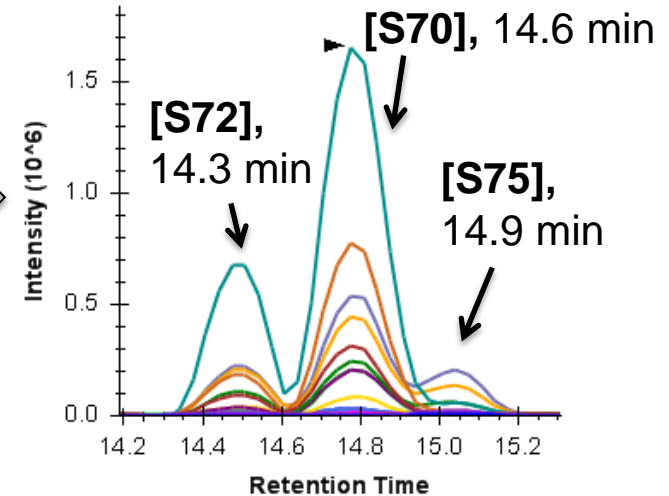
[S70]

[S72]

[S75]



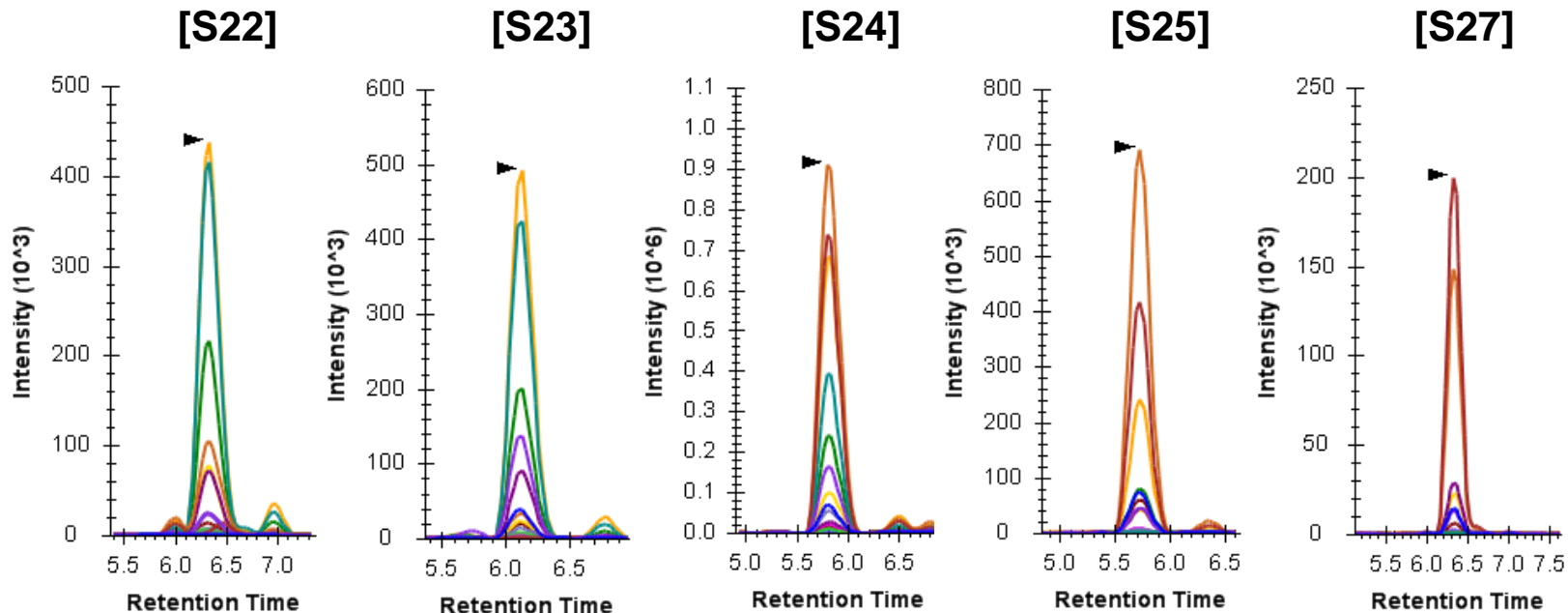
peptide mixture



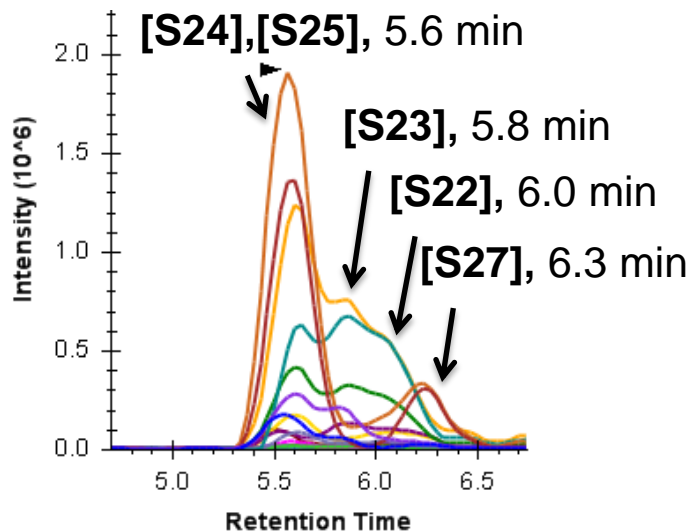
all phospho-peptide forms
are separable
in retention time



individual measurements of synthetic phospho-peptides



peptide mixture

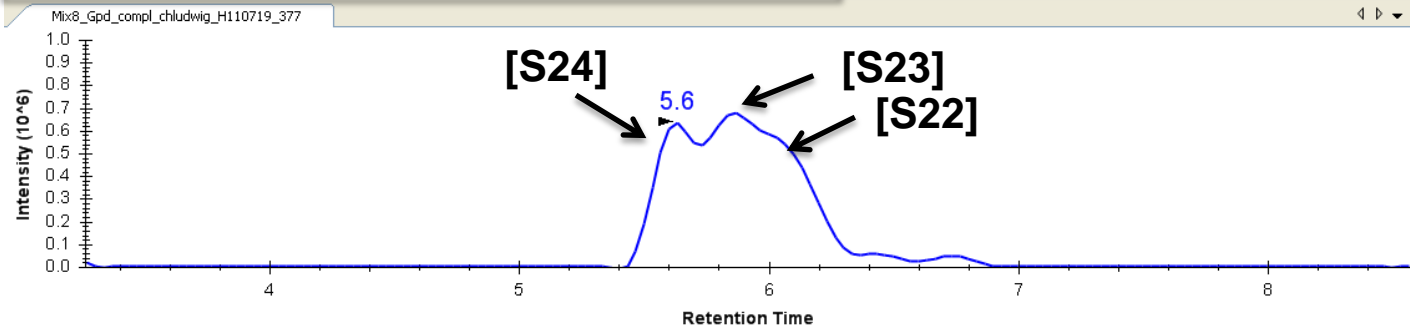
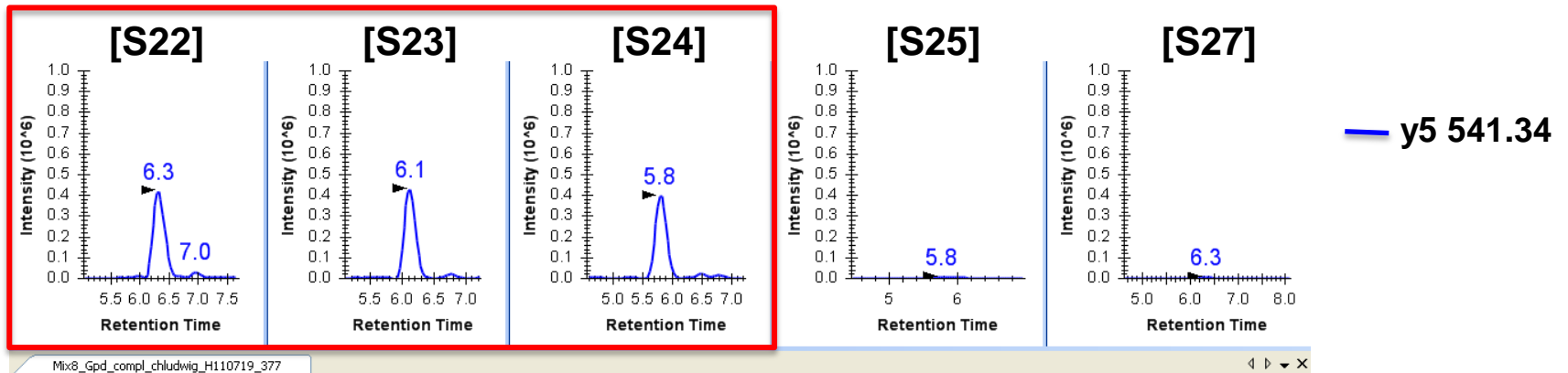


phospho-peptide forms [S24] and [S25] are **not separable** in retention time. Other peptide forms are strongly overlapping but distinguishable.

Discrimination of [S24] [S25] despite co-elution

SRM measurement

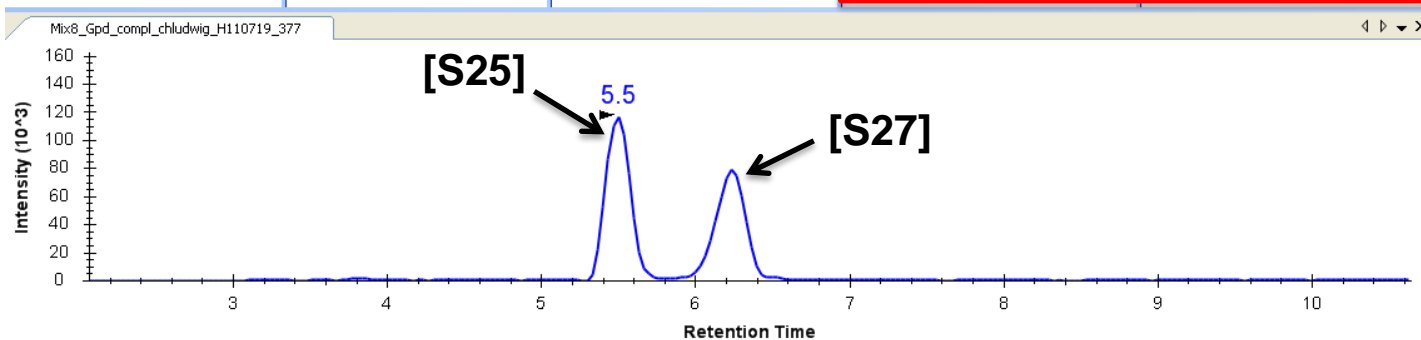
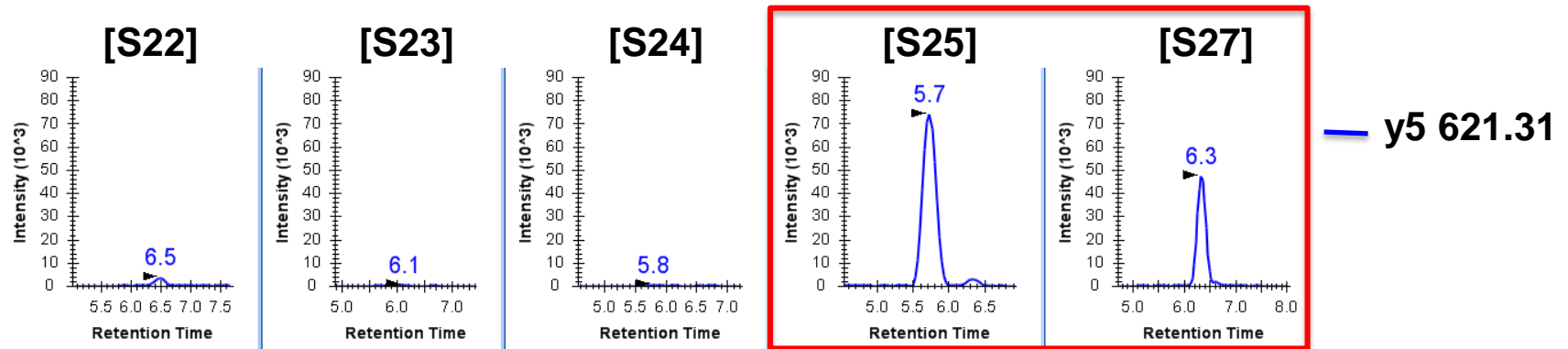
peptide sequence	phospho-site	precursor m/z	y7 [m/z]	y6 [m/z]	y5 [m/z]	y4 [m/z]	y3 [m/z]	rt [min]
S[p]SSSVSLK	[S22]	437.70	707.40	628.38	541.34	454.31	355.24	6.0
SS[p]SSVSLK	[S23]	437.70	795.37	628.38	541.34	454.31	355.24	5.8
SSS[p]SVSLK	[S24]	437.70	795.37	708.43	541.34	454.31	355.24	5.6
SSSS[p]VSLK	[S25]	437.70	795.37	708.43	621.31	454.31	355.24	5.6
SSSSV[S <p>]LK</p>	[S27]	437.70	795.37	708.43	621.31	534.28	435.21	6.3



Discrimination of [S24] [S25] despite co-elution

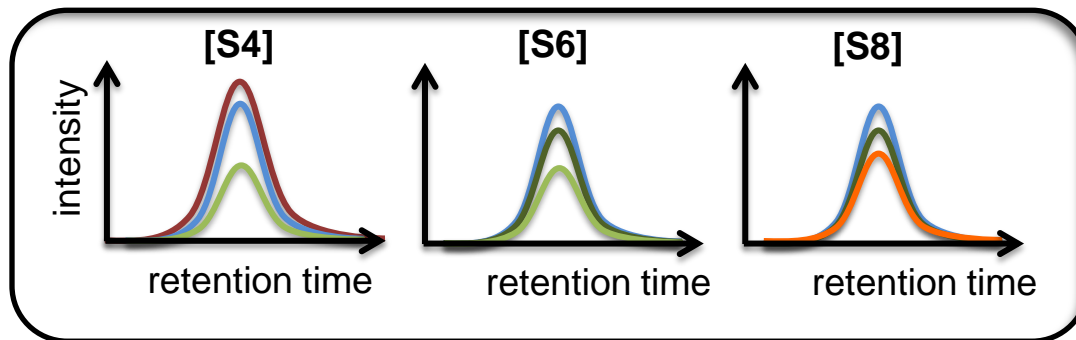
SRM
measurement

peptide sequence	phospho-site	precursor m/z	y7 [m/z]	y6 [m/z]	y5 [m/z]	y4 [m/z]	y3 [m/z]	rt [min]
S[p]SSSVSLK	[S22]	437.70	707.40	628.38	541.34	454.31	355.24	6.0
SS[p]SSVSLK	[S23]	437.70	795.37	628.38	541.34	454.31	355.24	5.8
SSS[p]SVSLK	[S24]	437.70	795.37	708.43	541.34	454.31	355.24	5.6
SSSS[p]VSLK	[S25]	437.70	795.37	708.43	621.31	454.31	355.24	5.6
SSSSV[S]LK	[S27]	437.70	795.37	708.43	621.31	534.28	435.21	6.3



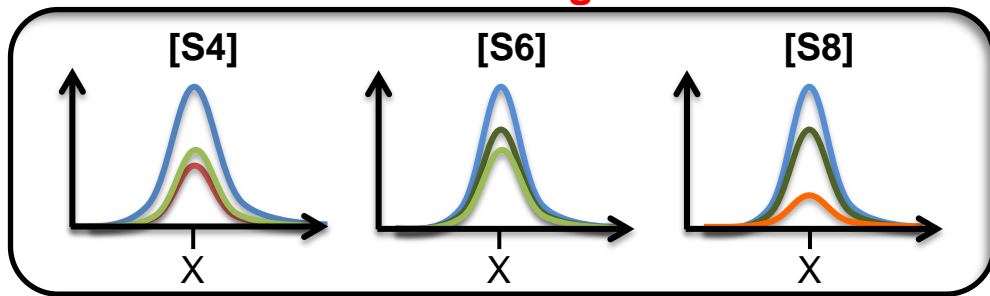
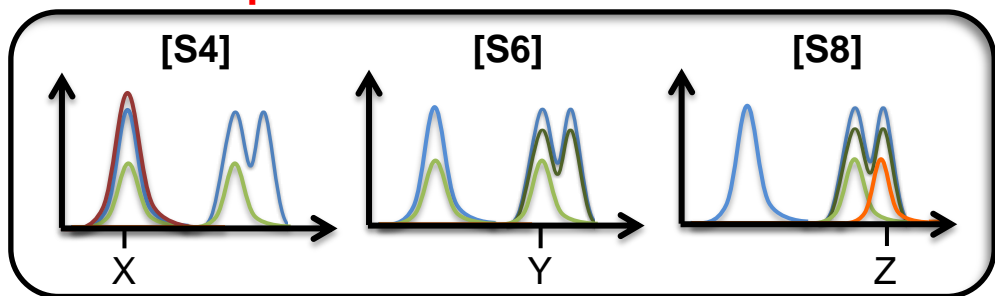
Retention time information is important for pinpointing phospho-sites

Phospho-peptide: XXX[S4]X[S6]X[S8]XX

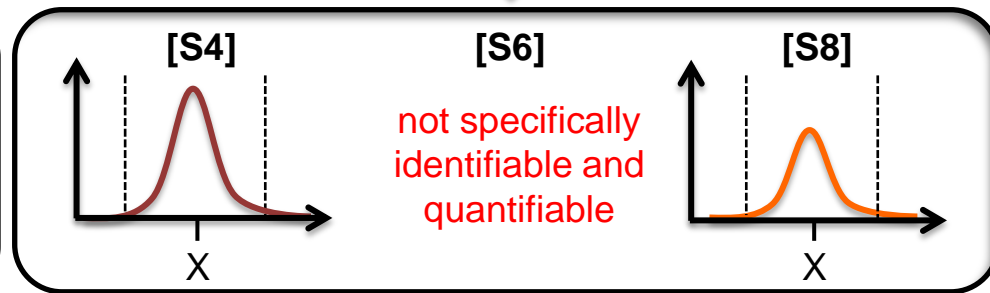
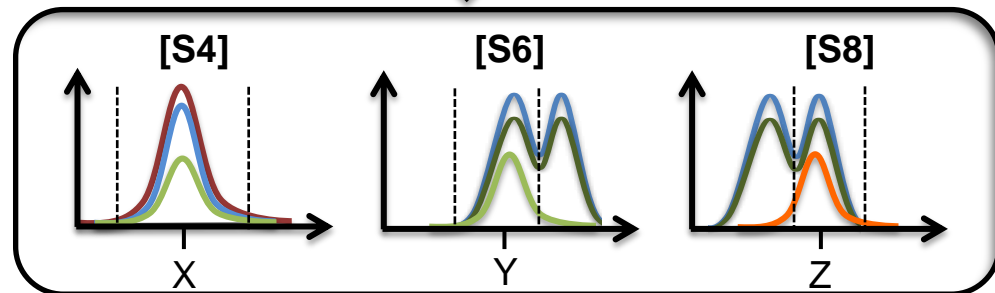


separable in retention time

co-eluting



transitions usable for identification and quantification

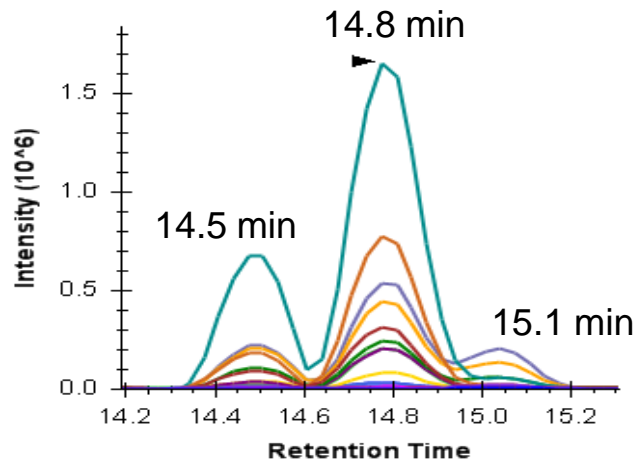


The “iRT” concept implemented into Skyline



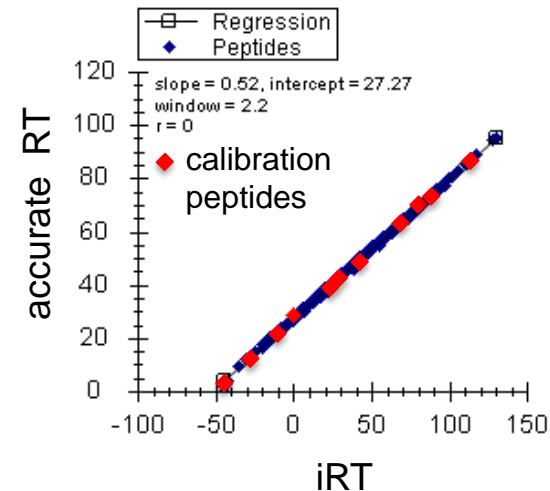
The problem:

Accurately measured empirical retention times are **dependent** on the setup of the currently used **chromatographic system**



The solution:

Usage of a **set of calibration peptides** to normalize all peptide retention times to a **dimensionless “iRT value”**

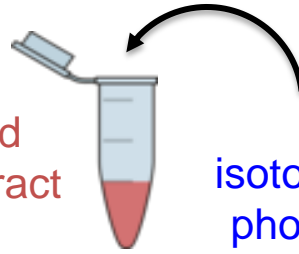


Consequence in practice:
retention times need to be determined
over and over again

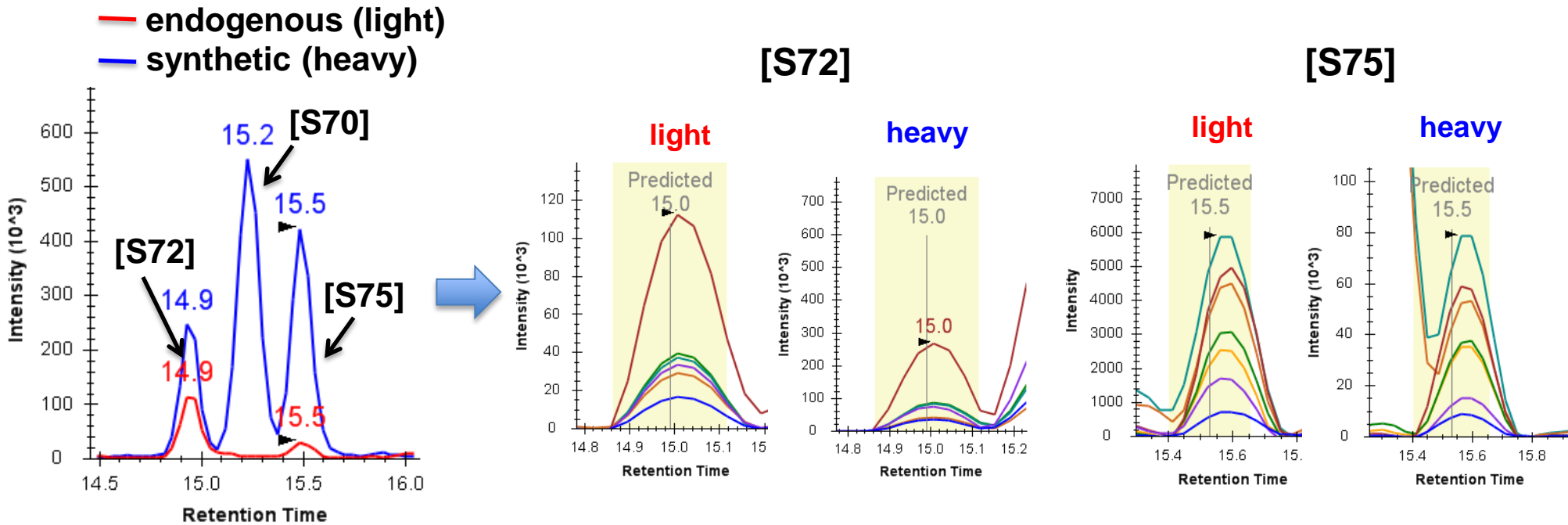
Consequence in practice:
once an iRT value is determined, the
respective peptide can be scheduled and
identified on any LC system

Quantification of endogenous phospho-peptides – Gpd2

phospho-enriched
yeast total cell extract



synthetic,
isotopically-labeled
phospho-peptides

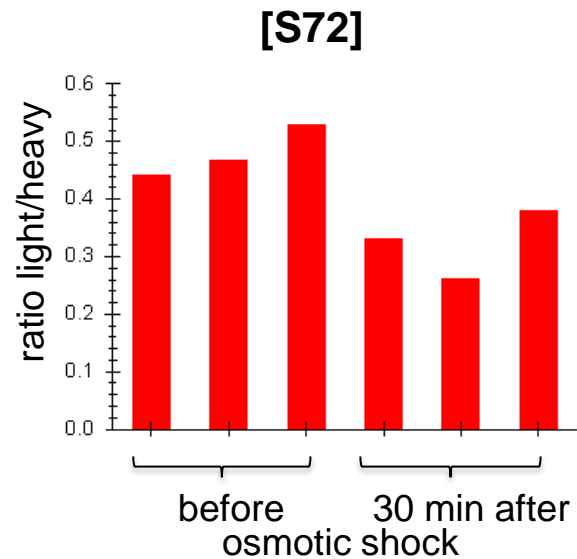
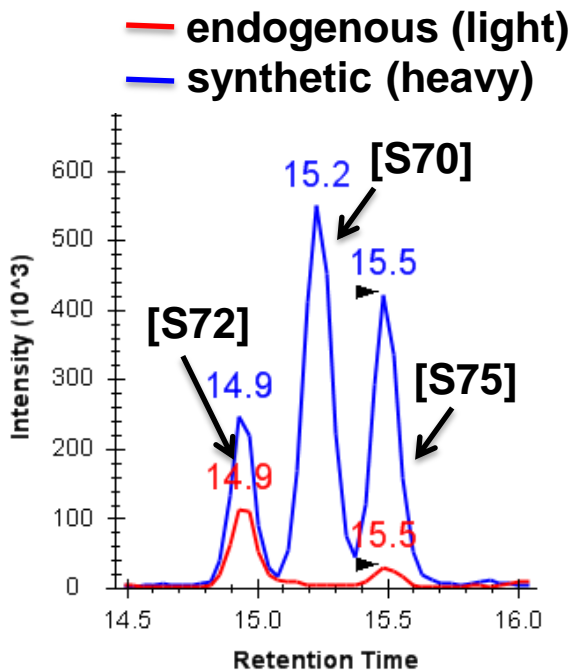


Quantification of endogenous phospho-peptides – Gpd2

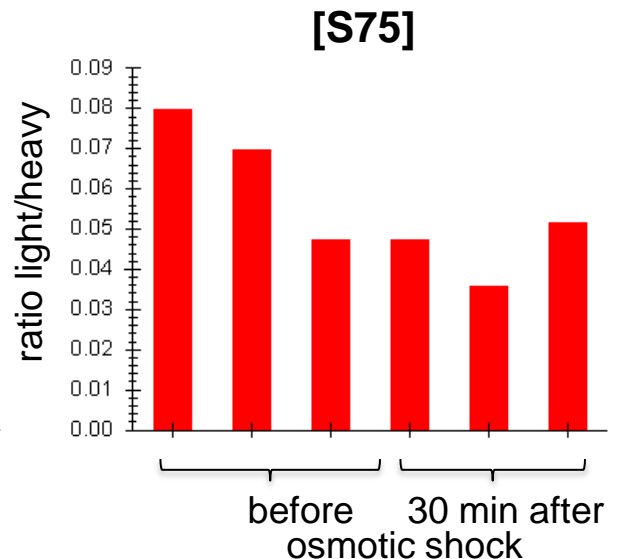
phospho-enriched
yeast total cell extract



synthetic,
isotopically-labeled
phospho-peptides



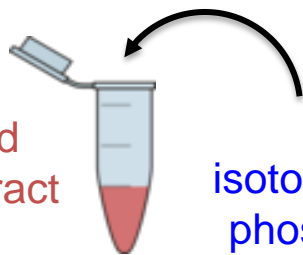
1.5-fold down-regulation
(t-test p-value = 0.01)



1.7-fold down-regulation
(t-test p-value = 0.01)

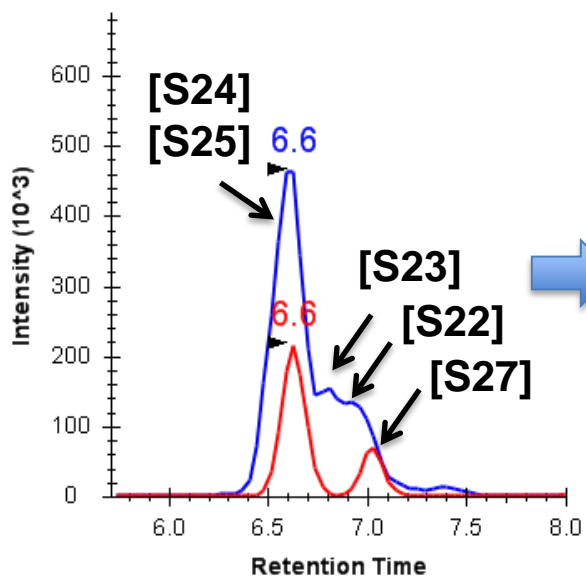
Quantification of endogenous phospho-peptides – Gpd1

phospho-enriched
yeast total cell extract

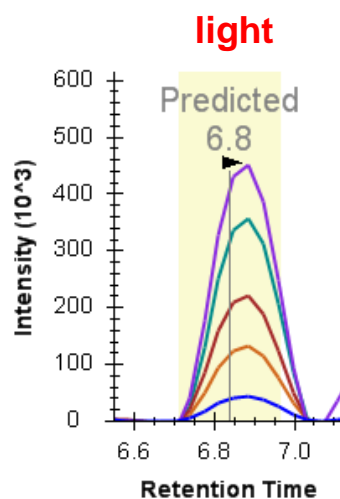


synthetic,
isotopically-labeled
phospho-peptides

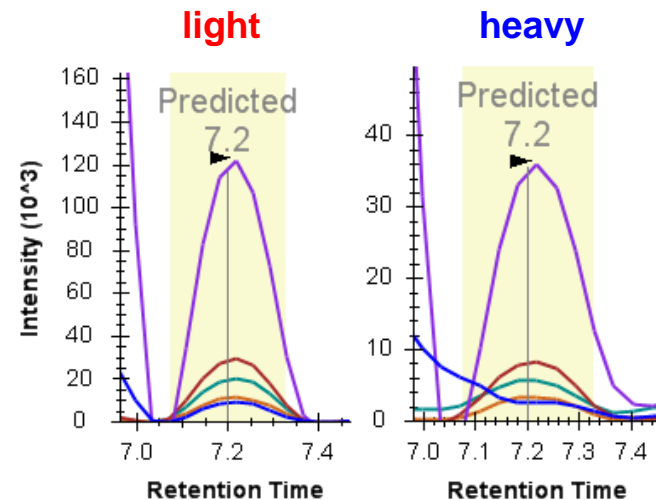
— endogenous (light)
— synthetic (heavy)



[S24]



[S27]



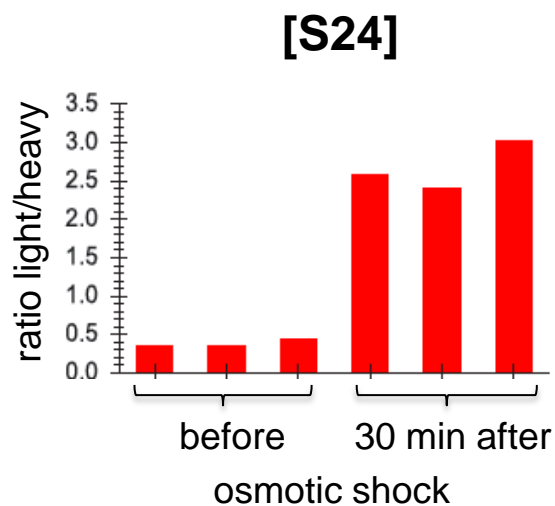
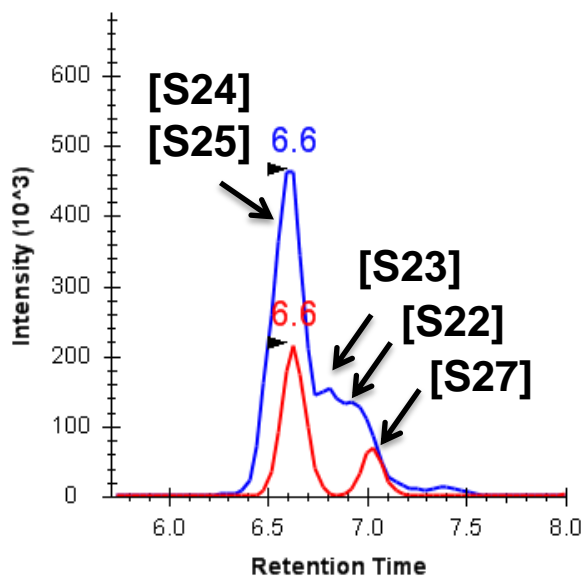
Quantification of endogenous phospho-peptides – Gpd1

phospho-enriched
yeast total cell extract

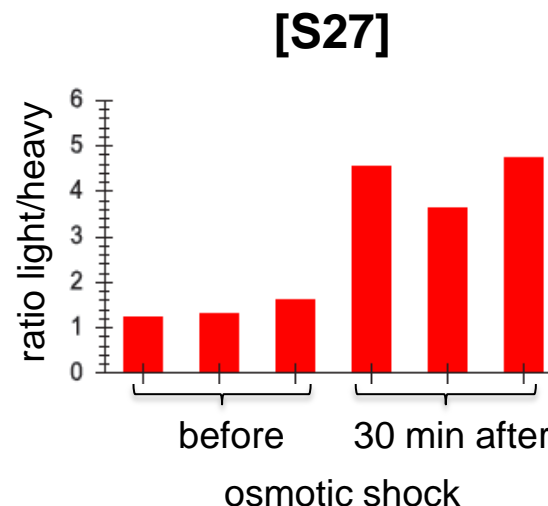


synthetic,
isotopically-labeled
phospho-peptides

— endogenous (light)
— synthetic (heavy)



7.2-fold up-regulation
(t-test p-value = $2.1E-4$)

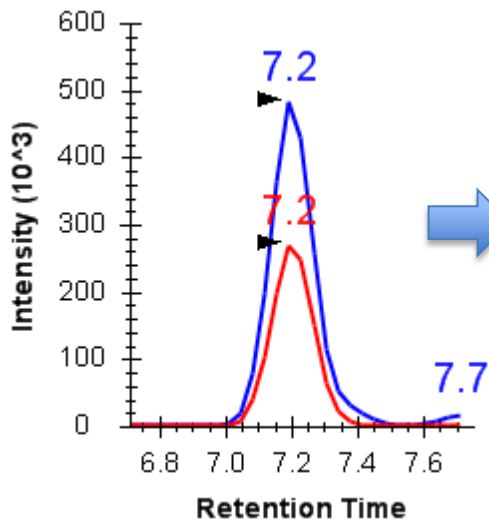


3.2-fold up-regulation
(t-test p-value = $2.4E-4$)

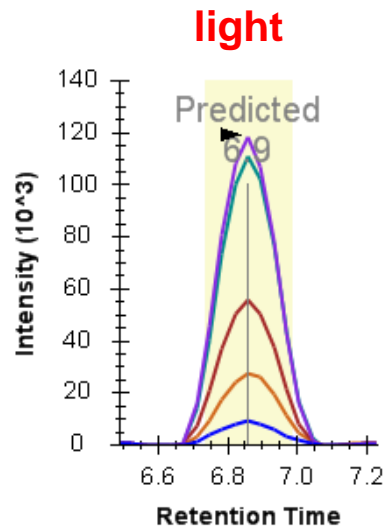
Quantification of doubly phosphorylated peptide – Gpd1

SSS[p]SVS[p]LK [S24,27]

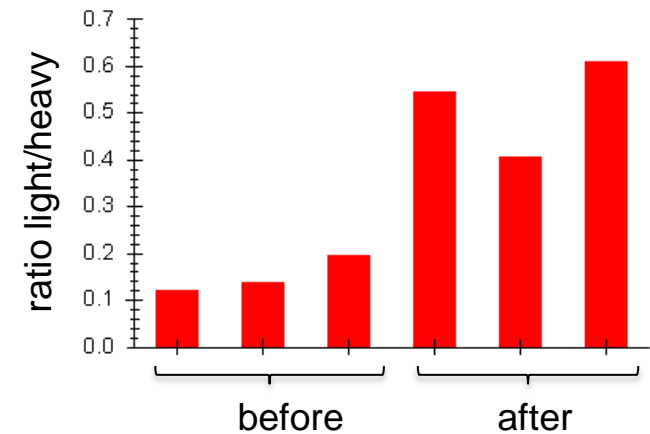
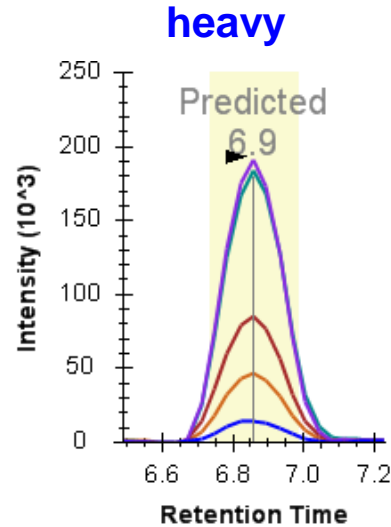
— endogenous (light)
— synthetic (heavy)



[S24,S27]



[S24,S27]



osmotic shock



3.5-fold up-regulation
(t-test p-value = 4.4E-4)

Take-home messages

- + Targeted analysis of phosphorylation using SRM provides quantitative data of high quality, accuracy and reproducibility**

Requirement: A priori knowledge

- + Specific phosphorylation-sites can be pinpointed with high confidence**

Requirement: Learn the chromatographic behavior of phospho-peptide forms from synthetic reference peptides

- + Application of the iRT concept improves acquisition scheduling and peptide identification**

Requirement: Consistent use of retention time calibration peptides



Thank you

Collaborators

- Ana Paula Oliveira
- Paola Picotti

TSQ-support

- Mariette Matondo
- Nathalie Selevsek

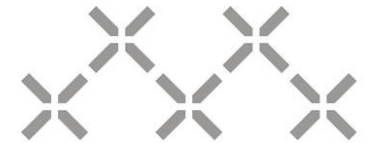
Ruedi Aebersold and the whole Aebersold lab



- Brendan MacLean
- Alana Killeen



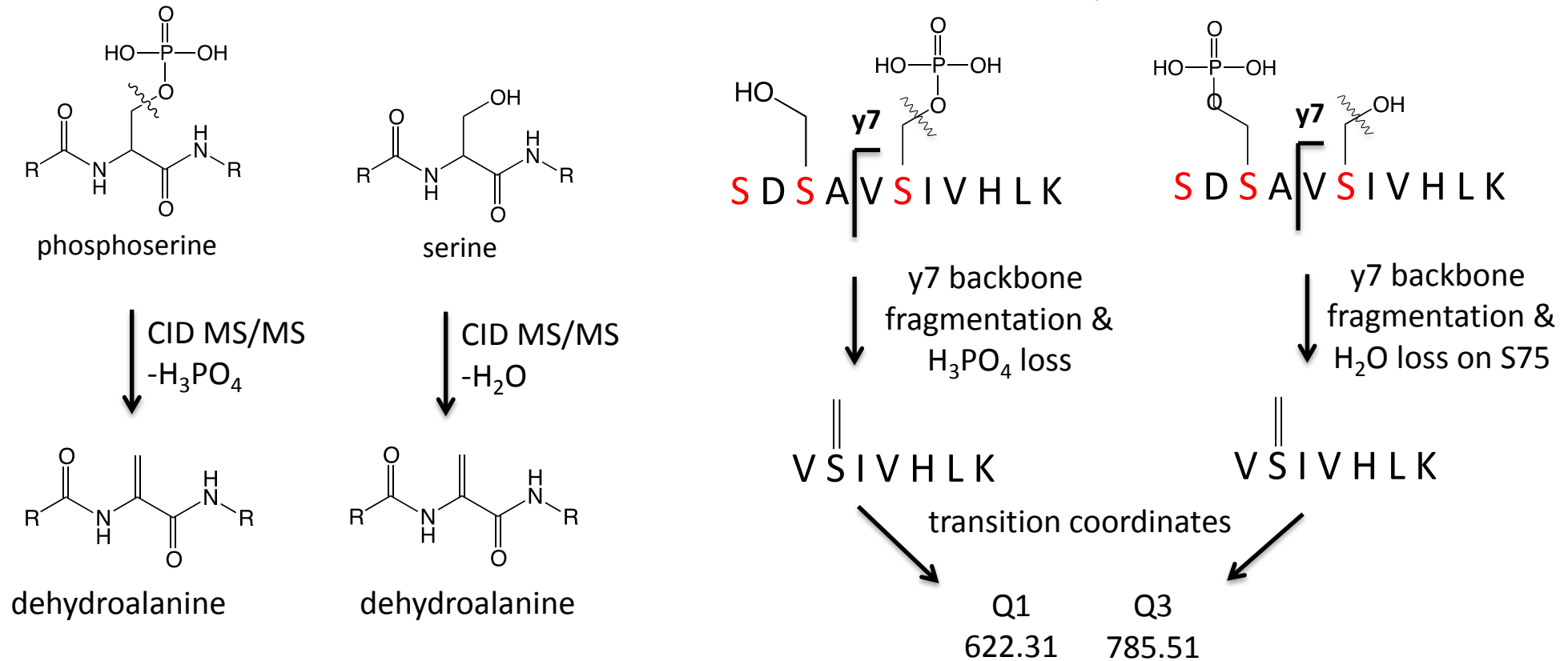
- Lukas Reiter
- Oliver Rinner



YeastX
Towards an Understanding
of Nutrient Signaling
and Metabolic Operation

Further complications for a phospho-analysis with SRM: Neutral Loss H_3PO_4

1. Loss of $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4 = -98 \text{ Da}$



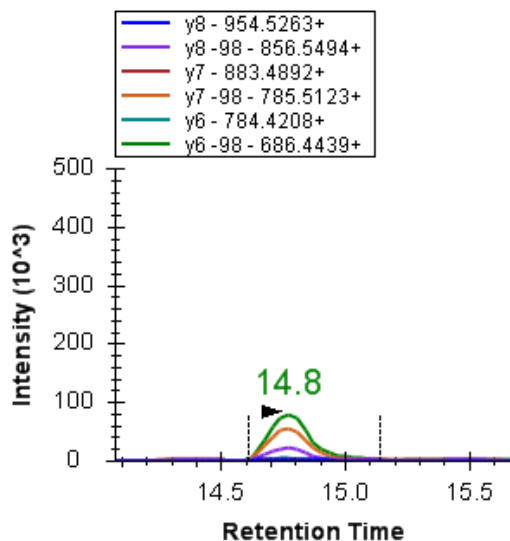
Conclusion

For peptides comprising **several possibly phosphorylated residues** phospho-site assignments based exclusively on H_3PO_4 -neutral loss fragment ions can be **erroneous**, because their occurrence can also be due to a water-loss of a non-phosphorylated serine residue.

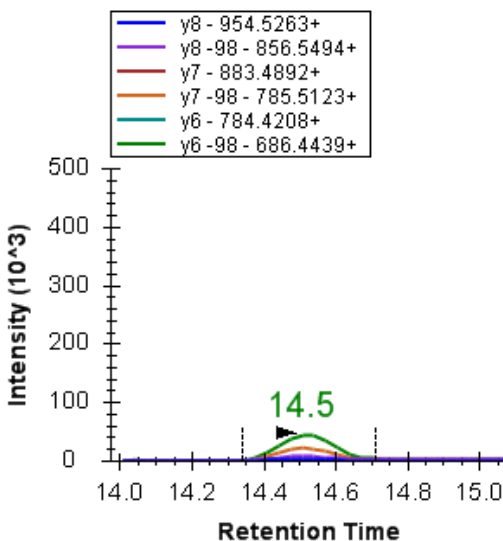
example for H₃PO₄ (-98 Da) phosphate loss interference

peptide sequence	Phospho-site	pre-cursor m/z	y10 y10-H ₃ PO ₄ b1 b1-H ₃ PO ₄ [m/z]	y9 y9-H ₃ PO ₄ b2 b2-H ₃ PO ₄ [m/z]	y8 y8-H ₃ PO ₄ b3 b3-H ₃ PO ₄ [m/z]	y7 y7-H ₃ PO ₄ b4 b4-H ₃ PO ₄ [m/z]	y6 y6-H ₃ PO ₄ b5 b5-H ₃ PO ₄ [m/z]	y5 y5-H ₃ PO ₄ b6 b6-H ₃ PO ₄ [m/z]	y4 y4-H ₃ PO ₄ b7 b7-H ₃ PO ₄ [m/z]	y3 y3-H ₃ PO ₄ b8 b8-H ₃ PO ₄ [m/z]	y2 y2-H ₃ PO ₄ b9 b9-H ₃ PO ₄ [m/z]	y1 y1-H ₃ PO ₄ b10 b10-H ₃ PO ₄ [m/z]	rt[mi n]
S [p]DSAVSIVHLK	[S70]	622.3 1	1076.62 - -	961.59 - -	874.56 - 370.06 252.09	803.52 - 441.1 343.12	704.45 - 540.17 442.19	617.42 - 627.20 529.23	504.27 - 740.29 642.31	405.27 - 839.35 741.38	- - 976.41 878.44	- - 1089.50 991.52	14.6
SDS S [p]AVSIVHLK	[S72]	622.3 1	1156.59 1058.61 -	1041.56 943.53 -	874.56 - 370.06 252.09	803.52 - 441.1 343.12	704.45 - 540.17 442.19	617.42 - 627.20 529.23	504.27 - 740.29 642.31	405.27 - 839.35 741.38	- - 976.41 878.44	- - 1089.50 991.52	14.3
SDSAVS S [p]IVHLK	[S75]	622.3 1	1156.59 1058.61 -	1041.56 943.53 -	954.53 856.55 290.10	883.49 785.51 361.14	784.42 686.44 460.20	617.42 - 627.20 529.23	504.27 - 740.29 642.31	405.27 - 839.35 741.38	- - 976.41 878.44	- - 1089.50 991.52	14.9

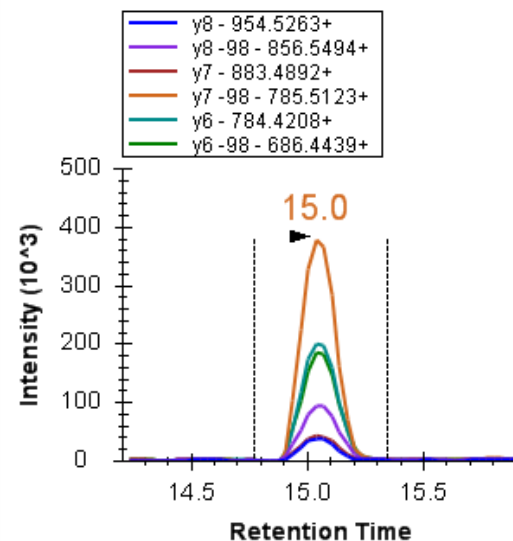
[S70]



[S72]

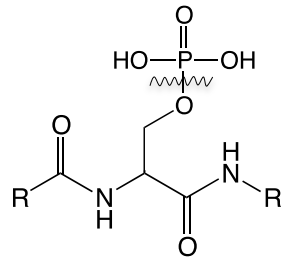


[S75]



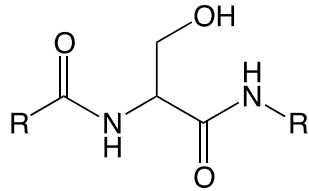
Further complications for a phospho-analysis with SRM: Neutral Loss HPO_3

2. Loss of $\text{HPO}_3 = -80$ Da



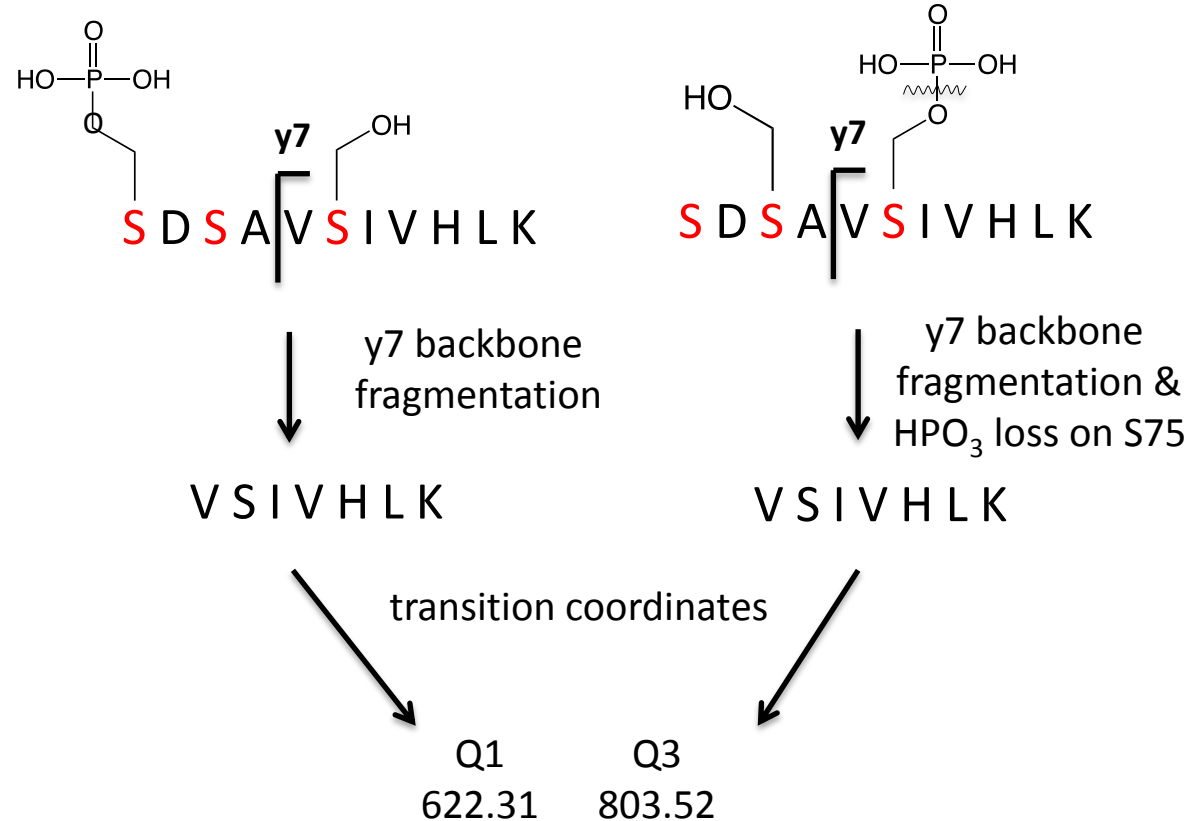
phosphoserine

CID MS/MS
- HPO_3



serine

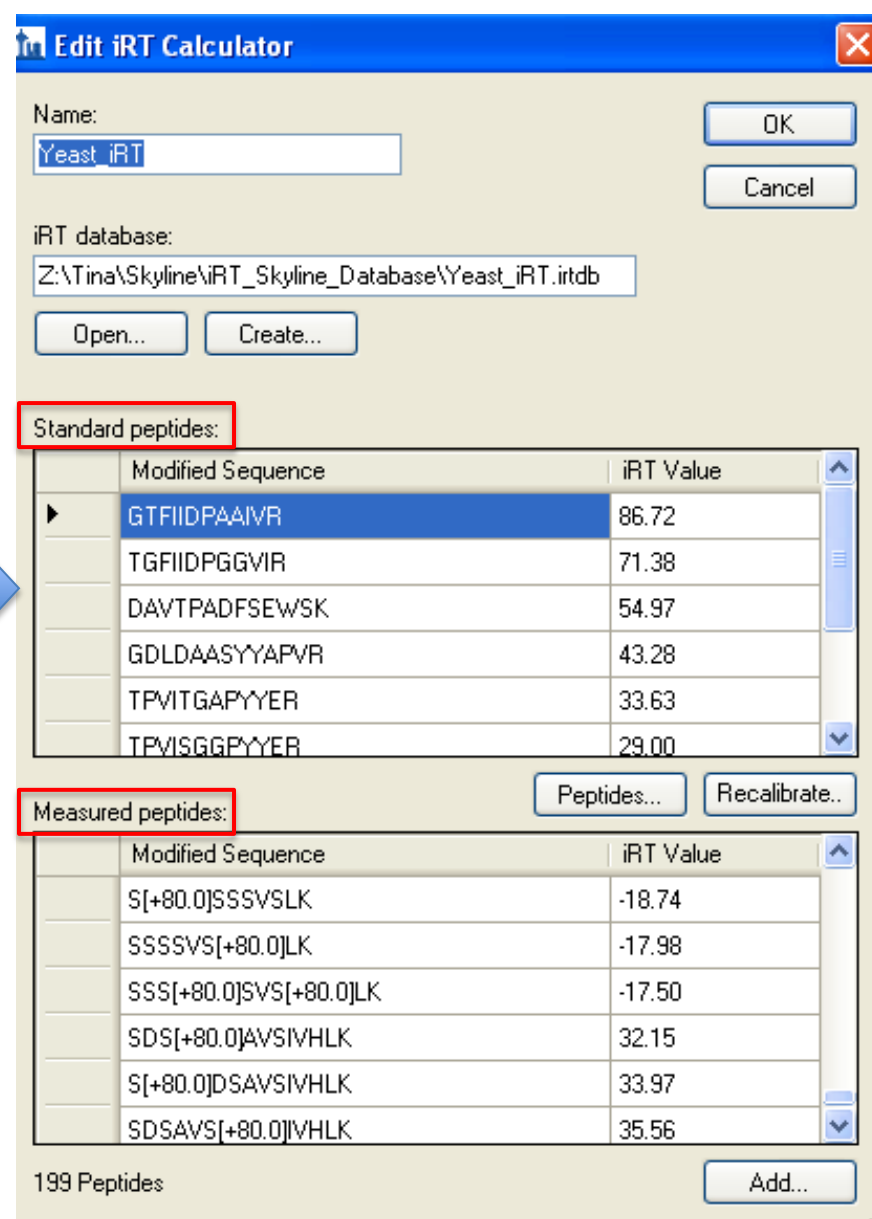
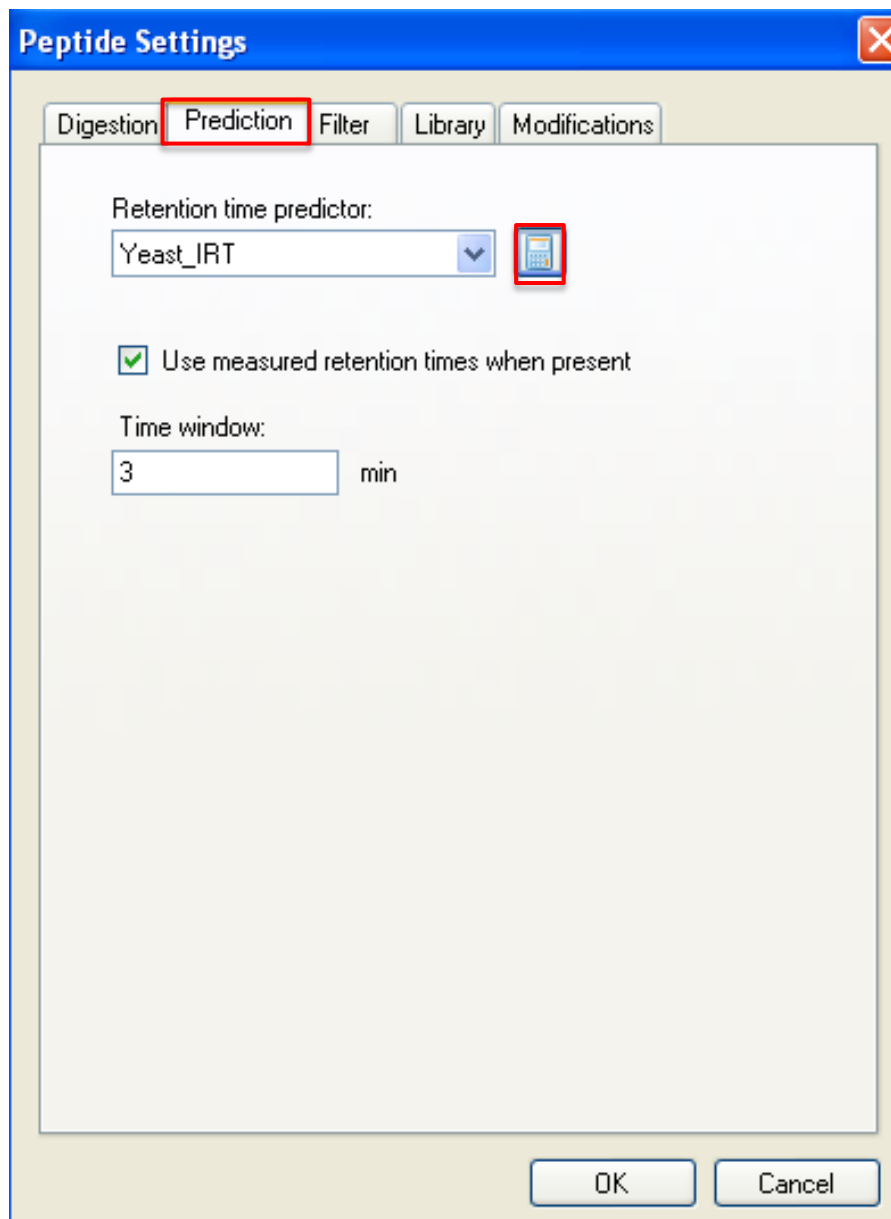
example:



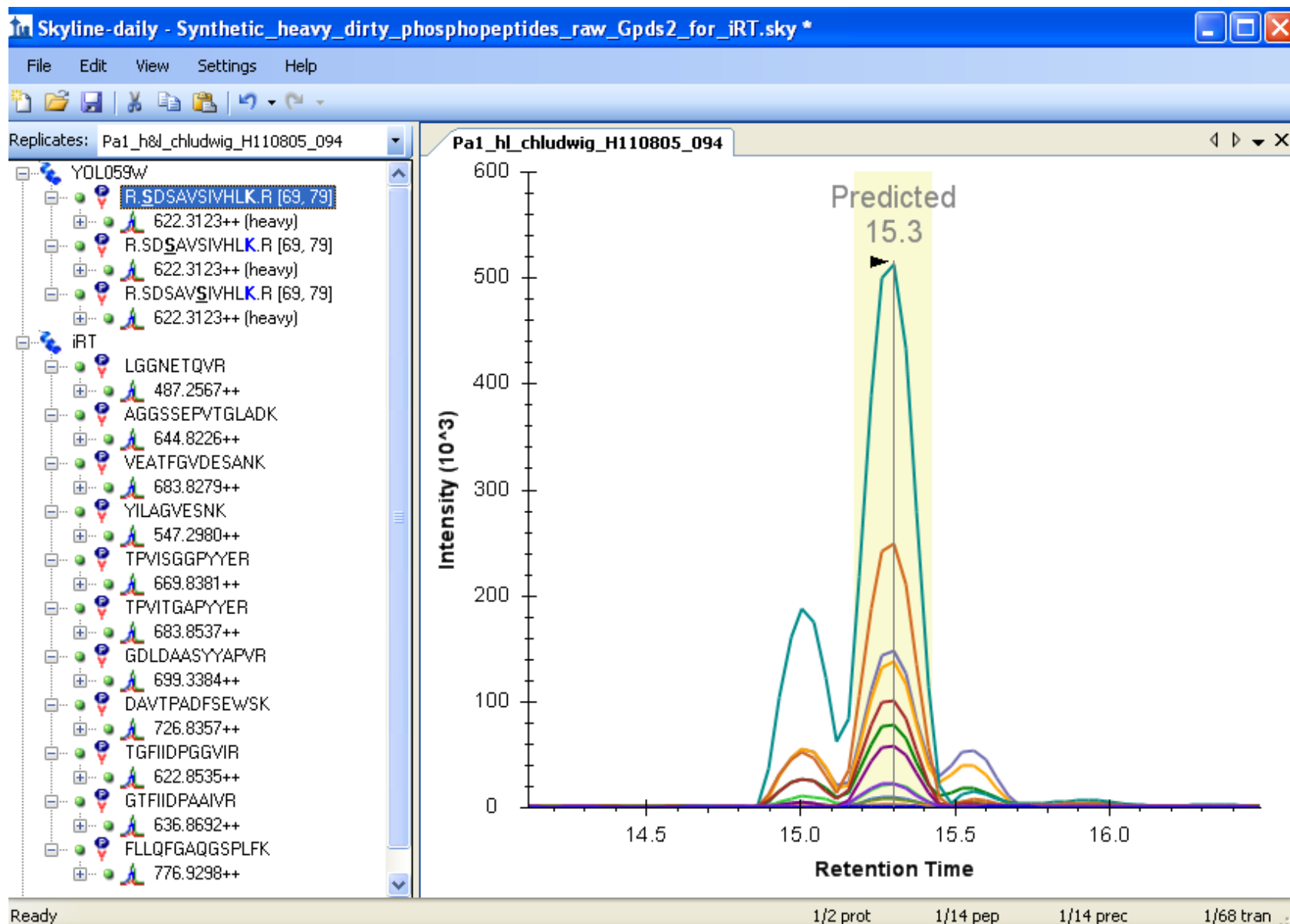
Conclusion

For peptides comprising **several possibly phosphorylated residues** phospho-site assignments based exclusively on **fragment ions NOT carrying the phosphate group** can be **erroneous**, because their occurrence can also be due to a neutral loss of HPO_3 .

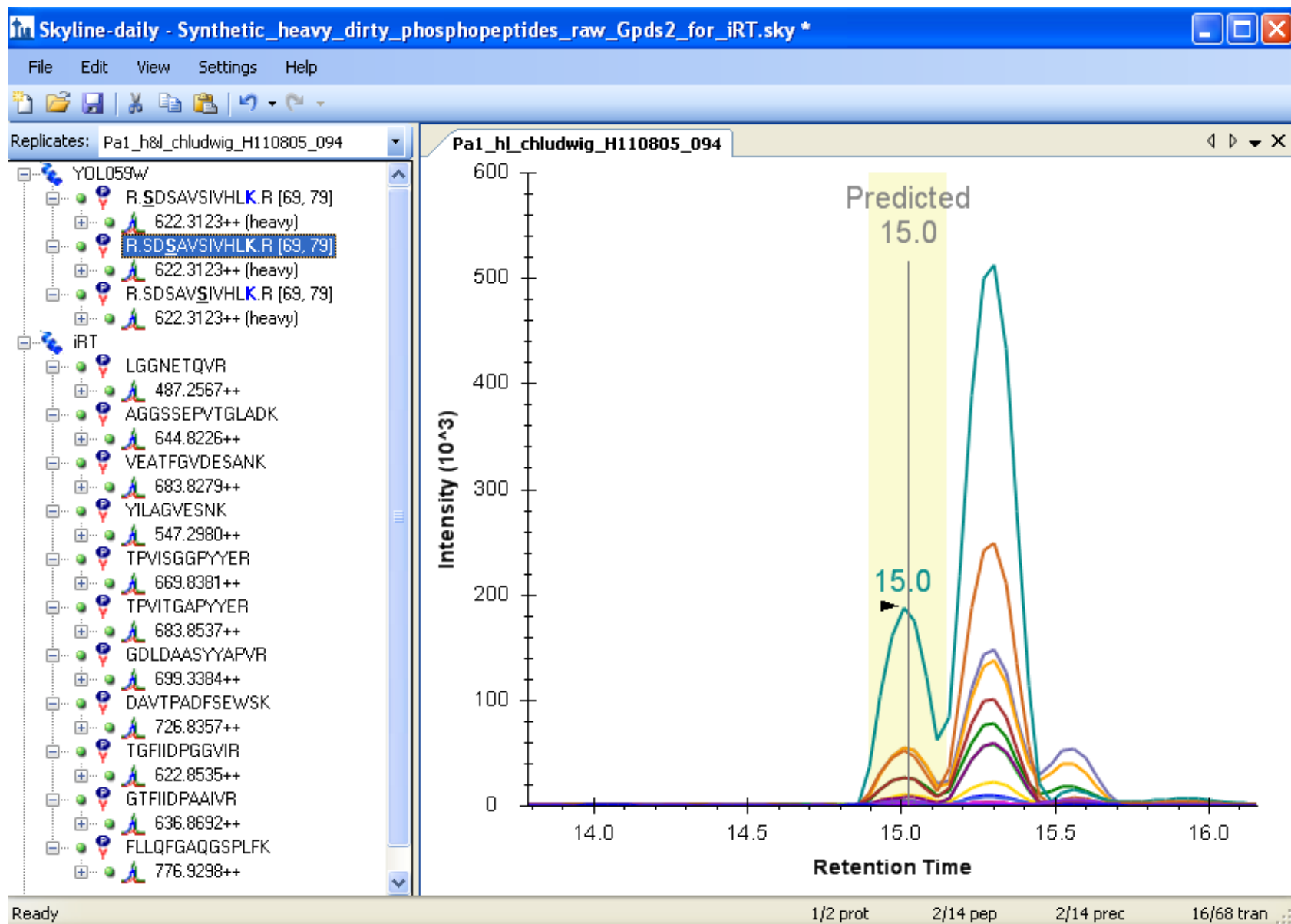
The "iRT" concept implemented into Skyline



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